

## THE DAILY NEWS.

VOL. I.

RALEIGH, N. C. TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1872.

NO. 57.

## GENERAL DIRECTORY.

## GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal.

## Mr. J. M. BROUGHTON will

serve the DAILY NEWS in

any portion of the City at

Fifteen Cents per week,

payable every two weeks—

the paper to be left at any place

of business or at any residence

within the corporate limits. Parties

wanting the News will engage with

him or leave their address at this office.

Parties failing to receive their papers

will please give notice at once.

Mr. B. will thoroughly canvass

the city in order to make the circula-

tion large and complete.

The NEWS will be found for sale

every morning at the Depots and

Hotels.

Special Notices inserted in the

Local Column will be charged

Fifteen Cents per line.

All parties ordering the News

will please send the money for the

time the paper is wanted.

The Raleigh Daily News.

TUESDAY—MAY 7, 1872.

## Conservative Nomination for City

Commissioners.

MIDDLE WARD.

Hon. K. P. Battle, W. C. Stronach,

B. F. Cheatham.

EASTERN WARD.

W. G. Upchurch, G. T. Stronach,

John Armstrong.

WESTERN WARD.

J. H. Separk, P. C. Flemming, Chas.

Beasley.

E. C. WOODSON, City Editor.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

## LOCAL BRIEFS.

A death of local news.

Blue Monday—yesterday.

Capt. J. Q. DeArteret is convalescing.

Horace Greeley married in Warren-

ton, N. C.

All the city churches were largely

attended on Sunday.

Everybody on their good behavior

yesterday—no police arrests.

The work on the extension of John-

son street is nearly completed.

Theo. N. Ramsey, Esq., returned to

the city yesterday from his temperance

campaign.

The Dolly Varden eyebrows are got

up by mudlage and sifted charcoal

thereupon disposed.

F. H. Basche, Esq., is detained at

home from his duties at Halifax Court,

on account of sickness.

Yesterday being election day, the

bar rooms were all closed, and a very

dry time was the consequence.

The Democrats and Conservatives

manifested little or no interest in

the election yesterday. Seven out of nine

of the Commissioners could have been

elected had the effort been made.

Doepf &amp; Jones' "Dolly Varden's,"

and Carner's "Don't Care," both of

which were drawn from their soda

fountains, were the nearest to it—that

we could get yesterday.

Major John Hughes, our gallant

standard bearer for Lieutenant Gov-

ernor, had a grand reception on his re-

turn to Newbern and made an eloquent

speech on the occasion.

The rads rejoiced much last night

over the capture of Holland by the

Dutch. Whitaker attempted to orate,

but found himself too full for utter-

ance. He did manage to thank his au-

dience for their unanimous vote.

## CITY ELECTION.

THE DEMOCRATS HOLD THEIR OWN

IN THE CITY COUNCIL.

The Independent Republican Can-

didate for Mayor Defeated.

## THE VOTE.

The election yesterday was the most

quiet and orderly ever known in the

city. Being heretofore largely Repub-

lican, the Democrats manifested but

little or no interest in the result, the

registered voters not even attending the

polls, while the republicans worked with

night and main for the success of their

candidates, which was not doubted by

even the most sanguine, except in Mid-

dle Ward where the Democrats have a

small majority.

In this Ward Mr. Churchill, the Rep-

ublican nominee, and formerly a mem-

ber of the Council, was voted for largely

by the Democrats, on account of his

thorough efficiency and his impartial

and honest discharge of his duties. We

herewith append the vote:

MIDDLE WARD—FOR MAYOR.

Harrison, 137

Whitaker, 88

FOR COMMISSIONERS.

\*K. P. Battle, 188

\*M. W. Churchill, 140

\*W. C. Stronach, 136

B. F. Cheatham, 107

Mitchell, (col.), 78

The elected Commissioners are mark-

ed thus.\*

EASTERN WARD—FOR MAYOR.

Whitaker, 366

Harrison, 202

FOR COMMISSIONERS.

\*A. N. Upchurch, 315

\*Stewart Ellison, colored, 345

\*J. P. Prairie, 322

W. G. Upchurch, 245

G. T. Stronach, 235

John Armstrong, 230

WEST



ADVERTISING RATES.					
DAILY.					
	1m.	2m.	3m.	6m.	12m.
1 Square,	\$ 8	\$ 12	\$ 16	\$ 24	\$ 36
2 Squares,	12	18	24	36	54
3 Squares,	16	24	32	48	72
4 Squares,	20	30	40	60	90
5 Squares,	24	36	48	72	108
6 Squares,	28	42	56	84	126
7 Squares,	32	48	64	96	144
8 Squares,	36	54	72	108	162
9 Squares,	40	60	80	120	180
10 Squares,	44	66	88	132	198
11 Squares,	48	72	96	144	216
12 Squares,	52	78	104	156	234
13 Squares,	56	84	112	168	252
14 Squares,	60	90	120	180	270
15 Squares,	64	96	128	192	288
16 Squares,	68	102	136	204	306
17 Squares,	72	108	144	216	324
18 Squares,	76	114	152	228	342
19 Squares,	80	120	160	240	360
20 Squares,	84	126	168	252	378
21 Squares,	88	132	176	264	396
22 Squares,	92	138	184	276	414
23 Squares,	96	144	192	288	432
24 Squares,	100	150	200	300	450
25 Squares,	104	156	208	312	468
26 Squares,	108	162	216	324	486
27 Squares,	112	168	224	336	504
28 Squares,	116	174	232	348	522
29 Squares,	120	180	240	360	540
30 Squares,	124	186	248	372	558
31 Squares,	128	192	256	384	576
32 Squares,	132	198	264	396	594
33 Squares,	136	204	272	408	612
34 Squares,	140	210	280	420	630
35 Squares,	144	216	288	432	648
36 Squares,	148	222	296	444	666
37 Squares,	152	228	304	456	684
38 Squares,	156	234	312	468	702
39 Squares,	160	240	320	480	720
40 Squares,	164	246	328	492	738
41 Squares,	168	252	336	504	756
42 Squares,	172	258	344	516	774
43 Squares,	176	264	352	528	792
44 Squares,	180	270	360	540	810
45 Squares,	184	276	368	552	828
46 Squares,	188	282	376	564	846
47 Squares,	192	288	384	576	864
48 Squares,	196	294	392	588	882
49 Squares,	200	300	400	600	900
50 Squares,	204	306	408	612	918
51 Squares,	208	312	416	624	936
52 Squares,	212	318	424	636	954
53 Squares,	216	324	432	648	972
54 Squares,	220	330	440	660	990
55 Squares,	224	336	448	672	1008
56 Squares,	228	342	456	684	1026
57 Squares,	232	348	464	696	1044
58 Squares,	236	354	472	708	1062
59 Squares,	240	360	480	720	1080
60 Squares,	244	366	488	732	1098
61 Squares,	248	372	496	744	1116
62 Squares,	252	378	504	756	1134
63 Squares,	256	384	512	768	1152
64 Squares,	260	390	520	780	1170
65 Squares,	264	396	528	792	1188
66 Squares,	268	402	536	804	1206
67 Squares,	272	408	544	816	1224
68 Squares,	276	414	552	828	1242
69 Squares,	280	420	560	840	1260
70 Squares,	284	426	568	852	1278
71 Squares,	288	432	576	864	1296
72 Squares,	292	438	584	876	1314
73 Squares,	296	444	592	888	1332
74 Squares,	300	450	600	900	1350
75 Squares,	304	456	608	912	1368
76 Squares,	308	462	616	924	1386
77 Squares,	312	468	624	936	1404
78 Squares,	316	474	632	948	1422
79 Squares,	320	480	640	960	1440
80 Squares,	324	486	648	972	1458
81 Squares,	328	492	656	984	1476
82 Squares,	332	498	664	996	1494
83 Squares,	336	504	672	1008	1512
84 Squares,	340	510	680	1020	1530
85 Squares,	344	516	688	1032	1548
86 Squares,	348	522	696	1044	1566
87 Squares,	352	528	704	1056	1584
88 Squares,	356	534	712	1068	1602
89 Squares,	360	540	720	1080	1620
90 Squares,	364	546	728	1092	1638
91 Squares,	368	552	736	1104	1656
92 Squares,	372	558	744	1116	1674
93 Squares,	376	564	752	1128	1692
94 Squares,	380	570	760	1140	1710
95 Squares,	384	576	768	1152	1728
96 Squares,	388	582	776	1164	1746
97 Squares,	392	588	784	1176	1764
98 Squares,	396	594	792	1188	1782
99 Squares,	400	600	800	1200	1800
100 Squares,	404	606	808	1212	1818

## The Raleigh Daily News.

JORDAN STONE, Managing Editor.  
SAML T. WILLIAMS, Political Editor.

TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1872.

### STATE DEMOCRATIC-CONSERVATIVE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR  
AUGUSTUS S. MERRIMON,  
Of Wake.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR  
JOHN HUGHES,  
Of Craven.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE  
JOHN A. WOMACK,  
Of Chatham.

FOR AUDITOR  
COLETT LEVENTHORPE,  
Of Caldwell.

FOR TREASURER  
JOHN W. GRAHAM,  
Of Orange.

FOR SUP'T PUBLIC INSTRUCTION  
NEREUS MENDENHALL,  
Of Guilford.

FOR SUP'T OF PUBLIC WORKS  
JOSEPH H. SEPARK,  
Of Wake.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL  
WILLIAM M. SHIPP,  
Of Mecklenburg.

### DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The District Convention of the Democratic-Conservative party for the nomination of a candidate to represent the Fourth Congressional District and for such other matters as may come before it, will be held in the city of Raleigh on June 6th, 1872, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Executive Committee will endeavor to make arrangements with the various Railroads to pass delegates at half fare. Due notice of this and other necessary matters will be announced. By order Executive Committee,  
R. W. YORK,  
For Committee.

MISSISSIPPI DELEGATES, *Readers of this paper, Battleboro Advance, please copy.*

### JUDGE MERRIMON OPENS THE CAMPAIGN.

The Hon. A. S. Merrimon, the Democratic candidate for Governor, will address the citizens of Nash county, at the Senatorial nominating convention at Nashville, on Thursday the 9th inst.

### DISTRICT CONVENTION.

5TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The Convention to nominate a Conservative candidate for Congress, and for other purposes, will meet in the city of Greensboro, on Wednesday, the 22nd of May.

By order of the District Executive Committee,  
J. T. MOREHEAD, Jr.,  
Chairman of Committee.

### THE ERA AND JUDGE MERRIMON.

The Era of last Saturday, referring to the nominations at Greensboro, has a very bitter article against our candidate for Governor, calling him the former fast friend of Kirk and the friend of Swenson, &c.

If the Era means to assert that Judge Merrimon has ever had any sympathy for Kirk, that he ever approved of Kirk's course or endorsed or approved of the frauds of Swenson or Littlefield, we are authorized by the Judge to pronounce the statement unqualifiedly false.

Judge Merrimon and those who know him best can well bear in silence the malignant charges which political hate and political venom may originate for the basest purposes of party ends, but the Judge deems it due to the great party he represents—the party which under such flattering circumstances called him, against his wishes, to uphold their banner in the great struggle before us, to authorize the above contradiction of the infamous and unfounded charges in the Era's article.

Judge Merrimon was nominated by one of the largest and most intelligent Conventions ever held in the State. He was nominated as being the most available man in the party. His nomination was pressed by those who are familiar with his every public and private act—who have known him from his earliest boyhood—who have never known anything of him that is dishonorable or unworthy—who admire him for his purity of character, for his faithful devotion to the highest interests of the State, for his love of truth, honesty, and honor.

In due time, the foul mouthed charges of the Era will be exposed in all their villainous and utter shamelessness. The wicked, malicious falsehoods of our political enemies will recoil upon themselves—they will not harm our distinguished candidate. They will rebound upon the heads of their base authors who will be held up to the public scorn and indignation.

"Back wounding calumny, the whitest virtue strikes."

### RADICAL VILLIANY.

We warn our friends throughout the State to be on the alert. The Radical party is driven to desperation. That party sees the handwriting on the wall. Its prominent leaders, like Belshazzar, are beginning to tremble and quake at the awful doom which awaits them. They feel and know they have been weighed in the balance and found wanting, and they are determined to put forth extraordinary exertions to stay the strong current against them and to retain the reins of power.

Every effort will be made to misrepresent and assail our candidates and to blacken their characters. The foul tongue of slander will hiss with poisonous breath and base, deliberate willful falsehoods will be repeated from one end of the State to the other, against the Conservative Democratic party with the view of putting us on the defensive and screening Radical rascality and Radical outrages.

Already vile charges against our candidate for Governor have been put in circulation in various parts of the State.

Let our friends be on their guard against the base tricks of our opponents. Conscious of their own iniquities—conscious that the hand of justice is about to overtake them and call them to account for their manifold crimes—conscious that the public indignation is being aroused to a sense of the wrongs which have been perpetrated by the State and National Governments, the Radicals will attempt to throw dust in the eyes of the people by raising false issues, and making false charges against those who have been selected by our party to lead us in the present contest.

Let no one be deceived nor misled by these trumped up tales, manufactured by Radical mendacity and wickedness.

Our candidates are worthy and honorable gentlemen. They are entitled to our hearty, unhesitating support. They are honest men and patriots—devoted to the best interests of North Carolina.

Let us rally to their support. Let us go forward with zeal and enthusiasm to aid them in the fight against the corruptionists and petty despots who are arrayed against them. Let us turn a deaf ear to the malicious slanders which Radical villany alone could invent and circulate.

### OUR DUTY.

We think it is the duty of the Democratic party to act in concert, and to act advisedly.

The Democratic National Committee will meet in New York, to-morrow, to decide the time and place for holding the next National Convention. It is thought that it will be held at St. Louis, on the 4th July.

Let us keep the organization of our party intact. If we decide to go with the Liberals, let us do so in a body, and as an organized power—not by struggling parties and by piece-meal.

We do not propose to hoist the names of Greeley and Brown until there is some authoritative announcement from our party leaders.

We do not propose to lead—but to follow the fortunes of the Democratic party. It is our duty to yield our allegiance to that party, and by its action will we stand.

### PRESERVE THIS PAPER.

We publish in this issue the platform of the Liberal party adopted at Cincinnati, and the vote of Greeley and Brown by States. Also a brief sketch of the Cincinnati nominees.

These articles will be found valuable for reference, and therefore we advise our readers to save this issue, or cut out the articles and preserve them.

### NASH COUNTY.

Nash was the first county in the State to hold a meeting to send delegates to Greensboro.

Our candidate for Governor makes his first speech in Nash.

Let the county appreciate the compliment by a large turn out at Nashville next Thursday.

### CROWDED OUT.

Several editors prepared for this issue are crowded out to make room for the comments of the press on Greeley's nomination.

### THE CINCINNATI NOMINEES—HORACE GREELEY.

HORACE GREELEY was born at Amherst, New Hampshire, February 3d, 1811. His mother, whose maiden name was Woodburn, was of Scotch Irish descent, and his father, Zeeheus Greeley, of English extraction. His early life was spent on his father's farm and at the district school. He never enjoyed the benefit of a day's tuition in any other than a rural common school, generally from two to four months each Winter and Summer. His childhood was characterized by eagerness as well as aptitude in the acquisition of knowledge, fondness for study rather than play, and a habit of closely scrutinizing whatever phenomena came in his way. He was hardly ten years old before he had read, chiefly by the light of pine knots, every volume that he could buy or borrow. His delight in books led him to the determination, while yet a child, to be a printer. In 1821 the family removed to Westhaven, Vt., where for five years he assisted his father on the farm, but at the same time availed himself of every opportunity for reading and study. In the Spring of 1826 he entered the office of the *Northern Spectator*, at East Poultney, Vt., as an apprentice to the art of printing.

In June, 1830, when he was in his 20th year, his apprenticeship was suddenly terminated by the discontinuance of the *Northern Spectator*, and

the breaking up of the printing establishment of East Poultney. His knowledge of political statistics, of party movements and their leaders, was so extensive, that, young as he was, he was regarded as an authority in such matters.

In August, 1831, he went to New York, with a scanty wardrobe, and only \$10 in his pocket, in quest of employment, which he soon obtained. He worked as a journeyman in several different offices till January 1, 1833, when he commenced the printing business for himself, entering into partnership with Mr. Francis Story. Greeley and Story were the printers of Dr. Sheppard's *Morning Post*, the first penny daily paper ever published in the world. The paper failed in less than three weeks, and the firm of Greeley & Story, after an existence of only six months, was dissolved by the death of the junior partner.

In 1840, he edited the *Log Cabin*, a weekly journal established to promote the election of William Henry Harrison to the Presidency, and which obtained a very wide circulation. On April 10, 1841, he commenced the publication of the *Daily Tribune*. In the following autumn the *Weekly Tribune* was commenced, the *New Yorker* and the *Log Cabin* being merged therein; and with these journals his name has since been identified. In 1848, he was elected to Congress to fill a vacancy, and served in that body from December 1, of that year, to March 4, 1849, distinguishing himself chiefly by his opposition to the abuses of the mileage system. As an editor and a lecturer, he has labored zealously to promote the welfare of the laboring classes.

Since 1831, when the "war of the rebellion," as it has been called, was inaugurated, the course of Horace Greeley is so familiar to the people of all sections of the Union that it is unnecessary to present, at this time, any reference thereto.

B. GRATZ BROWN.

Governor Brown was born in Lexington, Ky., in 1824, graduated at Yale College, and moved to Missouri in 1850. He studied law and practiced with great success, but was elected to the Legislature in 1852, and remained there for a number of years, by successive re-elections. He entered public life as a Democrat and a follower of Thomas H. Benton.

He was editor of the *St. Louis Democrat* from 1854 to 1859, and gained a national reputation by his incisive and eloquent articles. Before and during the late war he was classed as ultra Republican, and was recognized as one of the foremost leaders of that party. In 1863 he was elected to the United States Senate, retaining his seat there until 1867, when his term expired. He declined a re-election, and until 1870, though an interested observer, did not actively participate in any political movements. The Constitution of Missouri was intensely proscriptive, and having opposed it in its inception, his views, whenever occasion called for their expression, were in opposition to a continuance of the policy which it legalized. The oppressions under it finally became unendurable, when the Liberals, under the lead of Brown and others, who had done such heroic service in the foundation of the Republican party, now demanded that the party recognize and declare the new order of things, and remove all political proscription from the law. The result is well known. Governor Brown was elected by the unprecedented majority of 42,000—receiving the support of about one-half the Republicans of the State, including nearly all the Germans, and all of the old leaders in the cause of freedom.

### Comments on Greeley's Nomination.

(From the Baltimore Sun.)

What will be the disposition of Democrats generally towards Mr. Greeley remains to be seen. However they may regard him, it is universally conceded that Mr. Greeley is an honest man, a man of independence and courage, and that he is actuated by a genuine spirit of reconciliation and peace. The South will support him beyond doubt.

(From the Baltimore Gazette.)

It is useless to waste words at such a crisis, or attempt to excite hopes that can never be realized. The selection of Mr. Greeley places an impassable barrier between the Liberal Republicans and the Conservative masses of the country. He can never receive the support of the Democratic party, or any respectable number of its members. The men, or clique, in our ranks who would foolishly endeavor to bring about such a consummation, would be crushed to atoms.

(From Richmond Enquirer.)

We believe Greeley and Brown would be as good instruments for our redemption as any that could be selected, but they seem so distasteful to the Northern Democracy that we fear that there will be great difficulty in rendering them acceptable by that party. A reaction may take place, but we cannot conceal our apprehensions that what we look upon as the very strongest ticket for the South is likely to prove the weakest at the North. Hoping for the best we shall await the action of the Conservative party of Virginia, and be governed entirely by its decision.

(Reports from Washington.)

WHAT THE DEMOCRATS SAY.—A very general informal conference was held by the Democratic Senators and Members during the afternoon, and it was determined, with great unanimity, that on their part there should be no public individual approval of the Cincinnati ticket, but that the members of the Democratic party in Congress should delay their preference until the voice of the whole party should be heard in the National Democratic Convention, on the Cincinnati ticket, and that, whether the Convention should be for or against it, every member should be bound by its decision. It was thought that in no other way could the harmony and organization of the Democratic party be maintained. Several Democratic members, however, spoke in approval of the Liberal nominees.

There is one thing though which gives great satisfaction to the Liberal Republicans and Conservatives, and that is the platform, which is even regarded by the Grantites as a strong one. Many of the Democratic Congressmen were surprised at the nominations, while others gave their hearty support to the ticket. If the alternative is left them between Grant and Greeley, they will vote for Horace. They will not commit themselves, however, as they intend to abide by the decision of the Democratic Executive Committee, which meets in New York

the first of next week. The Grantites are raising heaven and earth to induce the Democrats to put candidates in the field.

It is stated upon good authority that Judge Chase will support Greeley. Telegrams received from the South are all favorable to the ticket.

(From the Richmond Whig.)

We cannot imagine that the Democracy will hesitate a moment about supporting this ticket—a ticket that will strike the Administration with terror, and cause proscription and malignant Radicalism to tremble.

We of Virginia, who availed ourselves of Liberalism in our memorable State canvass of 1869, cannot, with any show of consistency, refuse our sanction to it in the opening Presidential canvass. It saved our Commonwealth—let it now save the nation.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. N. H. SMITH, | GEORGE V. STRONG,  
SMITH & STRONG,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
Raleigh, N. C.

Office over Citizens' National Bank, Exchange Place.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE RESCUE FIRE CO., at their hall, on MONDAY NIGHT, at 8 o'clock, May 6th.

### AMAZON INSURANCE COMPANY.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

January 1, 1872.

### ASSETS:



STATE MATTERS.

Our friends throughout the State will place us under obligations if they will furnish us with any items of news that may transpire in their respective sections as we desire to make this department specially full.

A general demand for mechanics in the State.

The temperance cause in Charlotte is on the mend.

The Mansion House, of Charlotte is being enlarged.

The navigation of the Yadkin river is again talked of.

The Newbern Theatre and Masonic Hall buildings are for sale.

A Skating Rink is to be opened in Asheville.

Strawberries are selling in Wilmington at 25 to 33 cents per quart.

The Charlotte Dispatch hoists the names of Greeley and Brown at its masthead.

The body of Colonel Wishart was brought down Saturday from Shoe to Lumberton, and was interred at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

H. J. McDuffie has withdrawn from the editorial staff of the *Cleveland Banner*. W. C. Durham, Esq., its present editor will conduct the paper as heretofore.

The wife of Samuel Moore, Esq., of Gaston county, dropped dead at the dinner table on Saturday last. On the following day at the funeral her sister dropped dead.

The wheat crop in the vicinity of Statesville is said to be unusually promising. The *American* of that place says that Dr. H. Kelly has a field that nearly three feet high and heading.

The five companies of Charlotte will celebrate, with appropriate ceremonies, the Mecklenburg declaration of Independence, which occurs on the 21st of May. The five companies of Wilmington, Newbern and Columbia, S. C. have been invited to participate in the celebration.

There was a grand ratification meeting at Charlotte on Saturday night. The city was illuminated and bonfires everywhere. Gov. Vance, R. P. Waring, Esq., Col. E. A. Osborn, Col. H. C. Jones and J. E. Brown, and other distinguished speakers addressed the meeting.

The suggestion that we would not ask the tribunal for any moneyed consideration for indirect damages, provided Great Britain would not claim compensation for similar injuries under like circumstances, was discussed by prominent gentlemen of both countries, before the intimation was made to Great Britain that we would accept it as an easy and satisfactory solution of present difficulty, but it appears from conversations in prominent circles, that Great Britain does not deem it necessary to officially make the declaration or to enter into such a stipulation for the reason she has never admitted the principle of claims for indirect damages as between nations, and advises to her position in the question as heretofore expressed.

There is no change in the position of the Alabama question, since the recent semi-official publication, in which it was said, the claims for indirect damages have not been, and will not be withdrawn. The government has not in its statement or counter-statement asked the tribunal of arbitrators to draw any distinction between the two classes of claims for direct and indirect damages, but both have been submitted under either in the hope that the tribunal will exercise the power conferred upon it to award a sum in gross to be paid by Great Britain to the United States.

The latest information from the Province of Navarre, is that hostilities have commenced between Insurrectionists commanded by Don Carlos, and troops led by Marshal Serrano. General Revilla is harassing in the rear of the insurgent forces, who it is said are surrounded by loyal troops; a band of Carlists under command of Rotundo has been completely defeated.

The trial of Libbie Garbarant for the murder of Ransom Burroughs, terminated at Patterson, N. J., to day, in a verdict of murder in the first degree. It is said that the charge of the Judge was very damaging to the case of prisoner, leaving the jury but little choice. Prisoner maintained composure throughout the trying ordeal, but broke down on re-entering the prison. She will be sentenced May 18th.

Arrangements have been completed to entertain the Georgia Press Convention, May 8th. Editors and their families will be entertained by citizens at the Kimball House.

A San Francisco spiritualist was recently buried according to the burial ritual of the Spiritualists. The coffin was white and the mourners were clad in white. The mother of the dead man performed the religious services.

The Philadelphia Board of Trade has memorialized Congress against the admission of foreign built ships to the American registry.

The conservative press of South Carolina heartily endorse the Cincinnati ticket and platform as eminently acceptable to the South.

One hundred trains every day now pass over the Union Pacific bridge between Council Bluffs and Omaha.

St. Louis now extends for fourteen miles on the Mississippi river, and has an area of about fifty-two square miles.

There were nine hundred new patents treated at the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary during the month of April.

Governor Reid has been acquitted, and resumes Governorship.

ALSIKE CLOVER SEED.

NOT TOO LATE TO SOW.

Four pounds will seed an acre of good land, will yield 2000 pounds of the best honey clover for 4 to 5 tons of the best hay. 20 cents per pound or sent by mail post paid for checks per pound.

Sold by James M. Towles, and the subscriber at Raleigh. JOEL CURTIS.

Every one who has a spot of land should try the Alsike Clover.

The Liberal Platform—The Ballot by which Greeley was Nominated.

The Ballot for Vice-President.

THE LIBERAL PLATFORM.

We, the Liberal Republicans of the United States, in National Convention assembled at Cincinnati, proclaim the following principles as essential to a just government:

First—We recognize the equality of all men before the law, and hold that it is the duty of the government, in all its dealings with the people, to mete out equal and exact justice to all, of whatever nativity, race, color or persuasion, religious or political.

Second—We pledge ourselves to maintain the union of these States, emancipation and enfranchisement, and to oppose any re-opening of the questions settled by the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth amendments of the constitution.

Third—We demand the immediate and absolute removal of all disabilities imposed on account of the rebellion, believing that universal amnesty will result in the complete pacification of all sections of the country.

Fourth—Local self government, with impartial suffrage, will guard the rights of all citizens more securely than any centralized power. The public welfare requires the supremacy of the civil over the military authority, and the freedom of person under the protection of the habeas corpus. We demand for the individual the largest liberty consistent with public order, for the States self government, and for the nation a return to the methods of peace and the constitutional limitation of power.

Fifth—The civil service of the government has become a mere instrument of partisan tyranny and personal ambition, and an obstacle to the public welfare. It is a scandal and reproach upon our free institutions, and breeds a demoralization dangerous to the perpetuity of republican government. We, therefore, regard a thorough reform of the civil service as one of the most pressing necessities of the hour; that honesty, capacity and fidelity constitute the only valid claims to public employment; that the offices of the government cease to be a matter of arbitrary favoritism and patronage, and that public stations be again posts of honor. To this end it is imperatively required that no President shall be a candidate for reelection.

Sixth—We demand a system of federal taxation which shall not unnecessarily interfere with the industry of the people, and which shall provide means necessary to pay the expenses of the government, economically administered.

Seventh—We demand that the public debt, as a moderate reduction, annually, of the principal thereof; and recognizing that there are in our midst honest but irreconcilable differences of opinion with regard to the respective systems of protection and free trade, we remit discussion of the subject to the people in their Congressional districts, and to the decision of Congress thereon, wholly free of Executive interference or dictation.

Eighth—The public credit must be sacredly maintained, and we denounce repudiation in every form and guise.

Ninth—A speedy return to specie payment is demanded alike by the highest considerations of commercial morality and honest government.

Tenth—We remember with gratitude the heroism and sacrifice of the soldiers and sailors of the republic, and no act of ours shall ever detract from their justly earned fame or the full reward of their patriotism.

Eleventh—We are opposed to all further grants of lands to railroads or other corporations in every form and guise, and we hold sacred to actual settlers.

Twelfth—We hold that it is the duty of the government in its intercourse with foreign nations to cultivate the friendship of peace by treating with all on fair and equal terms, regarding it alike dishonorable either to demand what is not right or to submit to what is wrong.

Thirteenth—For the promotion and success of these vital principles, and the support of the candidates nominated by this convention, we invite and cordially welcome the operation of all patriotic citizens without regard to political affiliation.

SIXTH AND LAST BALLOT FOR PRESIDENT.

Alabama, Greeley, 18; Arkansas, Greeley, 10; Adams, 2; California, Greeley, 12; Connecticut, Adams, 12; Delaware, Adams, 6; Florida, Chase, 6; Georgia, Greeley, 22; Illinois, Adams, 27; Greeley, 14; Trumbull, 1; Indiana, Greeley, 19; Adams, 10; Palmer, 1; Iowa, Adams, 17; Horace, Greeley, 5; Kansas, Adams, 5; Trumbull, 2; Greeley, 3; Kentucky, Adams, 19; Greeley, 5; Louisiana, Greeley, 7; Adams, 7; Maine, Adams, 14; Maryland, Greeley, 3; Adams, 11; Trumbull, 2; Massachusetts, Chase, 4; Adams, 22; Michigan, Greeley, 2; Minnesota, Adams, 20; Trumbull, 9; Davis, 1; Mississippi, Adams, 10; Greeley, 10; Missouri, Greeley, 18; Adams, 10; Trumbull, 2; Nebraska, Greeley, 6; Nevada, Greeley, 6; New Hampshire, Greeley, 8; New Jersey, Greeley, 13; Adams, 5; New York, Greeley, 62; Adams, 5; Trumbull, 1; North Carolina, Greeley, 17; Adams, 3; Ohio, Adams, 42; Greeley, 2; Oregon, Greeley, 6; Pennsylvania, Chase, 1; Trumbull, 1; Davis, 4; Greeley, 18; Adams, 22; Rhode Island, Adams, 8; South Carolina, Chase, 12; Greeley, 2; Tennessee, Trumbull, 3; Adams, 9; Greeley, 10; Texas, Greeley, 13; Adams, 3; Vermont, Adams, 1; Greeley, 7; Virginia, Greeley, 7; Chase, 2; Davis, 1; Wisconsin, Adams, 18; Greeley, 2; Missouri changed two votes from Trumbull to Adams.

SECOND BALLOT FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

The roll was called the second time, with the following result: Alabama, Brown 18; Arkansas, Brown 12; California, Brown 12; Connecticut, Julian 10; Brown 1; Florida, Brown 6; Georgia, Brown 22; Illinois, Julian 38; Walker, 1; Indiana, Julian 28; Iowa, Julian 13; Palmer 1; Brown 8; Kansas, Julian 1; Brown 9; Kentucky, Brown 23; Louisiana, Brown 14; Maine, Julian 3; Maryland, Brown 15; Walker 1; Massachusetts, Walker 4; Julian 22; Michigan, Brown 22; Minnesota, Walker 9; Brown 1; Mississippi, Brown 10; Missouri, Brown 28; Nebraska, Brown 2; Tipton 3; Julian 1; Nevada, Brown 6; New Hampshire, Brown 3; New Jersey, Brown 17; Julian 1; New York, Walker 3; Julian 3; Palmer 1; Brown 62; North Carolina, Brown 10; Walker 10; Ohio, Brown 14; Julian 10.

30; Oregon, Brown 6; Pennsylvania, Walker 23, Brown 20, Julian 10; South Carolina, Brown 12, Julian 2; Tennessee, Julian 1, Palmer 6, Brown 15; Texas, Brown 16; Vermont, Brown 3; Virginia, Walker 12; West Virginia, Julian 10; Wisconsin, Brown 15, Julian 5.

On the first ballot, Governor Walker received the following votes: Michigan 3; Minnesota, 2; New York, 1; Pennsylvania, 27; South Carolina, 14; Virginia, 23.

FOR SALE.

WARRENTON HOTEL FOR SALE.

In consequence of old age and infirm health for the last seventeen years, and not being able to attend to the duties of a hotel, I have resolved to sell the above property, which is located in the town of Warrenton, Washington, and is a first class hotel, containing thirty rooms, and all necessary outbuildings, and can accommodate from 50 to 75 guests comfortably. There are four churches of different denominations in the village, and it has been for many years a favorite resort of persons seeking health in summer and fall. This property will be sold lower than any property of the kind ever offered to the public. I deem it useless to give a further description of the property, as any person desiring to purchase, can come and examine the premises. I am determined to sell.

The hotel will continue open for the reception of the traveling public, and I invite all health seekers, in the summer, to call upon me. My terms will be moderate.

MRS. M. M. R. BROWNLOW.

Petersburg "Index" copy one month and send bill to subscriber.

LANDS FOR SALE.

Pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, made at the January term, 1871, the undersigned offer for sale the following lands:

VALUABLE LANDS belonging to the estate of the late Thomas P. Devereux of Halifax county. The said land embraces, by estimation,

Eleven Thousand Acres,

lying on Roanoke river, in the counties of Halifax and Northampton and a one-half interest in

Nine Thousand Six Hundred Acres in TYRRELL COUNTY.

Terms: One-fourth cash, remainder one, two and three years. Title retained until purchase money paid.

The lands will be sold in small or large tracts, and a bona fide purchaser, parties desiring to purchase will call on or address

WALTER CLARK, JR., Halifax, N. C.

or JOHN DEVEREUX, Raleigh, N. C.

THE ELIAS HOWE SEWING MACHINE.

THE BEST MACHINE EXTANT

THIS MACHINE IS EVERYWHERE BEING USED AND IS THE MOST PERFECT AND SIMPLE MACHINE EVER INVENTED.

OFFICE AND GENERAL DEPOT

No. 7 Fayetteville Street.

RALEIGH, N. C.

AGENTS WANTED.

WATSON'S & CLARK'S

Super-Phosphate of Lime.

Composed entirely of the Charleston Bone Phosphate, Sulphuric Acid and Ammonia.

We are prepared to offer this reliable and superior Super-Phosphate after a test of more than five years in the cotton growing States of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, where its record is second to none.

It is a better record for cotton than those of any other manufacturer—not excepting Peruvian guano and Pure Ground Bone, having a better record for cotton than those of any other manufacturer—in any quantity—at any railroad depot in the State, or at this factory, upon satisfactory terms.

Price per ton, delivered at any station on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad east of Henderson, or on the Wilmington and Weldon road north of Rocky Mount, for \$20 cash.

Put up in bags—very stout—for immediate use—or in good barrels—which we recommend as better, owing to the high grade of the article as ordered. Circulars and test monies furnished upon application. All orders and communications addressed to

JOSEPH YALLEY & SONS, General and Sole Agents for the State of N. Carolina and the lower counties of Va., 104-114 Ridgeway, Warren Co., N. C.

JONES, PLUMMER & CO., GENERAL Commission Merchants,

Richmond, Va.

Solicit consignments of TOBACCO, FLOUR, GRAIN

AND OTHER COUNTRY PRODUCE, To which careful personal attention will be given and prompt returns rendered. Agents for the sale of the

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

D. R. TURNER

DENTIST.

Office on Fayetteville Street, Over Williams Book Store.

mh7-3m.

WALTER CLARK, J. M. MULLEN, CLARK & MULLEN, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HALIFAX, N. C.

Practice in all the Courts of Halifax, Martin, Northampton and Edgecombe counties. In the Supreme Court of North Carolina and in the Federal Courts.

22 Collections made in all parts of North Carolina.

WILLIAM H. DAY, Attorney and Counselor at Law, WELDON, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax, Warren, Northampton and adjacent Counties, also in the Federal and Supreme Courts.

ANDREW J. BURTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RALEIGH, N. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Wake and Halifax, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. Claims collected in any part of North Carolina.

S. A. ASHE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, RALEIGH, N. C.

Will attend the State and Federal Courts held in the counties of Wake and New Hanover.

B. H. BUNN, SAM'L T. WILLIAMS, BUNN & WILLIAMS, Attorneys at Law, ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.

Business letters may be addressed either to Rocky Mount or Raleigh.

Claims collected in any part of the State.

Practice in the Supreme Court of the State and in the Federal Court at Raleigh.

NORFOLK.

JOHN B. WHITEHEAD, SMITH N. BRICKHOUSE, WHITEHEAD & BRICKHOUSE.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND TRUNKS, NOS. 4 and 6 IRON FRONT,

WEST SIDE MARKET SQUARE, Herman & Co's Old Stand,

NORFOLK, VA.

G. WATNEY, DEY & POWELL, WHOLESALE GROCERS.

90 Water Street & 41 Commerce Street.

NORFOLK, VA.

We deal very largely in

SYRUPS, SALT AND NORTH CAROLINA HERRINGS.

General and full stock of GROCERIES always on hand.

W. T. HARRISON, C. J. TENANT, W. T. HARRISON & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND COTTON FACTORS.

Nos. 8, 9, 10 and 11, Harrison's Wharf, NORFOLK, VA.

Agents or Whitehead's Vegetator and Eilwan Guano.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

The best and latest style of Photographs are made at

WATSON'S ART GALLERY.

THE REMBRANDTS continue to grow in popularity with the public. They surpass all other Photographs. If you wish a picture

EXECUTED IN SUPERB STYLE, Call at

INSURANCE.

WILMINGTON NORTH CAROLINA

LIFE



INSURANCE COMPANY.

ROBT H. COWAN, President.

J. W. ATKINSON, General Insurance Agt.

W. W. KETCHUM, Grocer and Commission Merchant.

C. M. STEADMAN, of Wright and Steadman.

R. H. COWAN, President.

A. A. WILLIAMS, of Williams and Merchants.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

W. W. KETCHUM, of Wright and Steadman.

THE AETNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

ACCUMULATED ASSETS, JANUARY 1, 1872, \$16,640,786.24.

EXPENSES LESS THAN ANY PREVIOUS YEAR!

ANNUAL INCOME EXCEEDING \$6,000,000.

LOSSES ACTUALLY PAID IN THIS DEPARTMENT, \$358,000.00

THE AETNA IS NOT SURPASSED

IN ECONOMIC MANAGEMENT, IN LIBERAL FEATURES.

IN FINANCIAL ABILITY, IN LOW CASH RATES.

IN COMPLETE SUCCESS, IN ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

IN ABSOLUTE SECURITY, IN JUST NON-FORFEITURE.

BY ANY COMPANY WHATSOEVER.

W. J. H. CROW, Manager

For North Carolina and Virginia, South of the James, OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA LAND COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE

TRANSPORTATION AND LOCATION

OF

NORTH CAROLINA.

OFFICE:

Tucker Hall, Raleigh, N. C.

This Company has been in successful operation over three years, and continues to buy, sell, lease or rent Real Estate, upon commission or otherwise, on the most favorable terms.

Parties having lands to sell, will find it to their interest to call at our office, or correspond with us, as our facilities for selling are increasing every day.

Large tracts divided into smaller are thereby rendered suitable.

The President and Directors of the Company are well known, and parties entrusting business in their hands, have the best assurance that they will be fairly represented.

LOANS upon mortgage of real estate are negotiated by the Company, in behalf of English capitalists. Applications are invited, stating description and location of property, value, amount wanted, and other particulars.

Address all communications to the North Carolina Land Company, or to William Scott, Secretary, GEO. LITTLE, President.

WILLIAM SCOTT, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

COL. GEO. LITTLE, DR. J. B. SMITH, HON. F. H. HARRIS, HON. J. L. CLAYMAN, HON. R. W. BIST, WILLIAM SCOTT.

THE THOROUGH-BRED COLT, SAGMORE.

By the sire the great grandson, and by the dam the grandson of that very

Celebrated Horse, BOSTON.

Will be let to ten select mares, at the stables of Messrs. Wynne, Yancey & Co., Raleigh, N. C., on the following terms:

To insure with Foal, \$30.00

For the Season, 20.00

For Single Service, 10.00

Pedigree of Sagmore:

Sagmore, a Bay Colt, with black points, no white, was foaled in Warren County, N. C., on the third day of June, 1868, sired by

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Of the State National Bank of Raleigh, North Carolina, at the Close of Business, April 19th, 1872.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts, \$143,025.35

Overdrafts, 7,575.67

U. S. Bonds to maturity, 100,000.00

U. S. Bonds and securities on hand, 60,000.00

Other stocks, 43,777.58

Due from redeeming and Reserve Agents, 107,905.41

Due from other National Banks, 1,118.22

Due from other Banks and Banks, 25,000.00

Current expenses, 1,102.05

Taxes paid, 749.27



